

Center for Sustainable Business

LP Sustainability Maturity Model Tool

NYU Stern CSB 2023



A BETTER WORLD THROUGH BETTER BUSINESS

Key themes from the LP interviews – a need for improved sustainability analysis and ongoing monitoring of performance

Key Findings from LPs

Unclear How to Use Sustainability Data

While LPs have begun collecting sustainability data from GPs and portcos, they often do not look at the data after the initial DDQ exercise

Lack of Standardization / Quality of Data

LPs report that they receive **inconsistent metrics from GPs** (different data shared for different portcos, different FYs, etc.)

GPs note that they receive similar, yet **non-standardized DDQs**, requiring different answers

Lack of Maturity / Education

While some LPs highlighted advanced sustainability reporting practices, many are just beginning their sustainability journey and others view it as a tick-thebox exercise

Relevant LP Quotes

- "Establishing consistent metrics that any GP could report on would be helpful, in order to establish a minimum baseline and allow for aggregation"
- "Wishes there was a common scoring framework in the industry like GRESB as current scorecard is basic – would rather aggregate real data instead of assessment scores"
- "In regard to the DDQ, see some benefit of an academic institution denoting the most important questions and most material issues by sector"
- "It is all about activating the sustainability data, so that it can play a larger role in exits"
- "To the extent that existing tools like PRI DDQ and SASB could be combined to triage where they should focus time on specific investments, that would be helpful"
- "See issue of the same things being asked in slightly different ways in the DDQ"

NYU Stern CSB Assessed LP Processes Across the Investment Lifecycle

	Defining Internal Strategy	GP Initial Assessment	GP / LP Agreement	GP/PortCo Ongoing Assessment	LP Reporting
Current Practice	 ESG in investment policy Starting to define what ESG metrics to track Defining owner of ESG function 	 DDQ (ILPA + PRI) ESGDCP DDQ assessment model ESG scorecard Discussions over 1 yr period 	 LPASide letter	 Rely on sustainability reports Collect minimal ESG reporting data from portcos and GPs 	 Most don't do anything with the data they collect (best in class aggregates data from LPs and reports back)
<i>imitation /</i> ssues	 General lack of sophistication in regard to including sustainability 	 DDQ often not standardized; often lacking key sustainability questions Lack of understanding of how "mature" GP is on sustainability 	 LP has limited influence on what it can require in LPA or side letter 	 Lack ability to aggregate real data instead of assessment scores No current continuous assessment process 	 GPs and portcos sending ESG data to LPs but report they aren't looking at it
Areas of opportunity	 Intro guide for LPs 	 ILPA addendum tool that identifies key sustainability questions and assesses PE firm sustainability maturity 	 Best in class examples 	 Define what sustainability data is relevant Outline performance- based metrics for ongoing monitoring 	 Best in class examples

CSB pulled the most important sustainability questions from the ILPA DDQ as the basis for the analysis

Logic Flow of LP Tool

1	Inputs		Input GP DDQ responses into the LP tool for the 90 selected sustainability questions (75 ILPA questions + 15 CSB additions)					
2	Scoring		Ascribe a score of 0-3 for each question dependent on completeness of each GP response, scores are weighted by impact category and rolled up to a total score; total score indicates beginner vs. expert					
			Impact Categories: (CSB's Responsible Investing Framework)	Sustainable & Responsible Investment Policies	Management & Human Capital	Fund Management	Strategy & Innovation	Societal Impact
3 Heat Map Output Review the resulting "scorecard," which provides an average score per impact category; the output sheet also includes weaknesses (where score = 0) that might require more consistent reporting from the GP								
4	Critical Non Conformities CSB denoted 7 critical questions that may require thorough review before proceeding with an investment, user reviews these key areas (option in earlier analysis for user to add/remove questions from this list)							
5	Ongoing Monitoring		Review short list of performance-based metrics (aligned with EDCI) to collect from GPs; CSB included graphs and sample data to illustrate these outputs					

4

Heat Map Example with Category Descriptions

Averag	<u>le Score</u>	Bucket			
	ut of 3	Sustainable and Responsible Investment Policies	Scoring Definitions:		
	ut of 3	Management and Human Capital	Total score of less than 30 is defined as remedial.		
	ut of 3	Fund Management	Total score between 31-50 is defined as beginner. Total score between 51-80 is defined as advanced.		
	ut of 3 ut of 3	Strategy and Innovation Societal Impact	Total score of greater than 80 is defined as expert.		
1.7 0		Societal impact	. .		
5	3.3	< WEIGHTED TOTAL SCORE			
Sustainable & Responsible Investment Policies	Responsible • A sustainable and responsible investment policy defined by firm priorities and monitored implementation				
Management & Human Capital	 Management approact credentialed senior l 	ach is guided by a robust responsible investment strategy and diverse and ESG- leaders			
Fund Management	 Fund management practices with respect to handing dry powder, subscription lines of credit, additional fundraises, and reporting 				
Strategy & Innovation	 Describes the firm's capabilities in meeting its sustainable investment policy throughout its pre- and post- investment processes 				
Societal Impact	 How well the PE firm and its portfolio companies are contributing to positive impacts and reducing negative societal impacts 				

The ongoing monitoring section of the tool denotes outcomeoriented performance metrics to be collected by the LP

Need for Ongoing Monitoring

LPs noted a need for consistent metrics that GPs could report on and a desire for real data – practitioners would like for sustainability data to play a larger role in exits.

A strong sustainability metric is performance-based and outcome-oriented while attached to specific commitments and targets. CSB used EDCI metrics as the basis for a short list of the most important sustainability metrics to be tracked across industries.

Process:

- CSB expanded each EDCI metric to include specific commitments and targets
- Included a few additional categories: Circularity, Water Use, and Sustainable Sourcing & Procurement

LPs can use the ongoing monitoring section as an educative piece to see what type of data (+ related commitments and targets) they can be tracking or as an actual data input and tracking exercise.

EDCI Metrics (Section Aligned with EDCI)

The <u>ESG Data Convergence Initiative</u> is the major sustainability data standardization effort within PE.

EDCI Metrics:

- **GHG Emissions** (scope 1, scope 2, scope 3)
- Renewable Energy (% renewable energy usage)
- Diversity (% women on board, % women in Csuite, % underrepresented groups on board, % LGBTQ on board)
- Work-Related Accidents (injuries, fatalities, days lost due to injury)
- Net New Hires (net new hires (organic and total), turnover)
- Employee Engagement (employee survey (yes/no), employee survey response rate)

Ongoing Monitoring

Performance-based metrics examples to be used for ongoing performance monitoring

Source	Category	Sub- category	Description	KPI 1	KPI 2	KPI 3
EDCI	GHG Emissions	Emissions by Scope	 Commitment to net zero based on 2030 and 2050 goals, scope 1, scope 2, and scope 3 emissions aligned with SBTI, (2) reporting to TCFD, and (3) third-party audited (4) Data for last year at minimum, up to 3 years recommended 	Scope 1 emissions, numerical value	Scope 2 emissions, numerical value	Scope 3 emissions, numerical value
EDCI	Renewable Energy	Fuel Consumed	(1) Total fuel consumed, (2) percentage natural gas, (3) percentage renewable (a) Targets for 2030 and 2050 (b) base year (c) performance to time-based targets [revised SASB metric]	Total fuel consumed, numerical value	% natural gas, fuel consumed	% renewable, fuel consumed
CSB	Diversity	Employee Composition	Percentage of employees by historically underrepresented group by level in current year (a) Short and long-term targets with a defined period (b) base year (c) performance to time-based targets	% of employees historically underrepresented, by level		
EDCI	Work-related Accidents	Work Safety	Total recordable incident rate (TRIR) for (a) full-time employees, (b) part- time employees, (c) contract employees, and (d) short-service employees		Total recordable incident rate, part-time employees	Total recordable incident rate, contract employees
EDCI	Net New Hires & Turnover	Involuntary Turnover	Involuntary turnover rate for (a) direct (b) contract (c) migrant employees in current year (a) Short and long-term targets with a defined period (b) base year (c) performance to time-based targets	Involuntary turnover rate, direct employees	Involuntary turnover rate, contract employees	Involuntary turnover rate, migrant employees
CSB	Circularity	Circularity	Percentage of products made from (1) recyclable materials (2) recycled material and 3) reused materials from production/end of life (a) Short and long-term targets with a defined period (b) base year (c) performance to time-based targets		% of products made from recycled materials	% of products made from reused materials from production/end of life
CSB	Water Use	Water Use	(1) Total water withdrawn, (2) total water consumed (3) volume of wastewater treated and released; percentage of each in regions with High or Extremely High Baseline Water Stress (a) Short and long-term targets with a defined period (b) base year (c) performance to time-based targets [revised SASB metric]	Total water consumed, numerical value	Volume of wastewater treated and released, numerical value	% of total water consumed in regions with High or Extremely High Baseline Water Stress
CSB	Sustainable Sourcing & Procurement	Certifications		% of products sourced by al suppliers that are certified to a third-party environmental and/or social standard	osuppliers that are certified,	ll% of products sourced by all suppliers that are certified, by standard (standard 2 - user defined)