10 Steps to a Killer Value Proposition

Prof. Cynthia Franklin

Director, Entrepreneurship NYU Stern W.R. Berkley Innovation Lab

Value

something of importance, providing usefulness or benefit.

Value Proposition

how you will delight customers in a way that's clearly surprising and superior to the status quo. Payoff refers to the objectives customers achieve when they use or buy your product.

Aspirations are desired outcomes and benefits.

Frustrations are anything that annoy your customer before, during or after trying to achieve an objective.

Step 9 | Work on articulating your value prop.

Sample Value Proposition Template

For (the target customer)

Who (has specific needs, aspirations, frustrations, etc.)

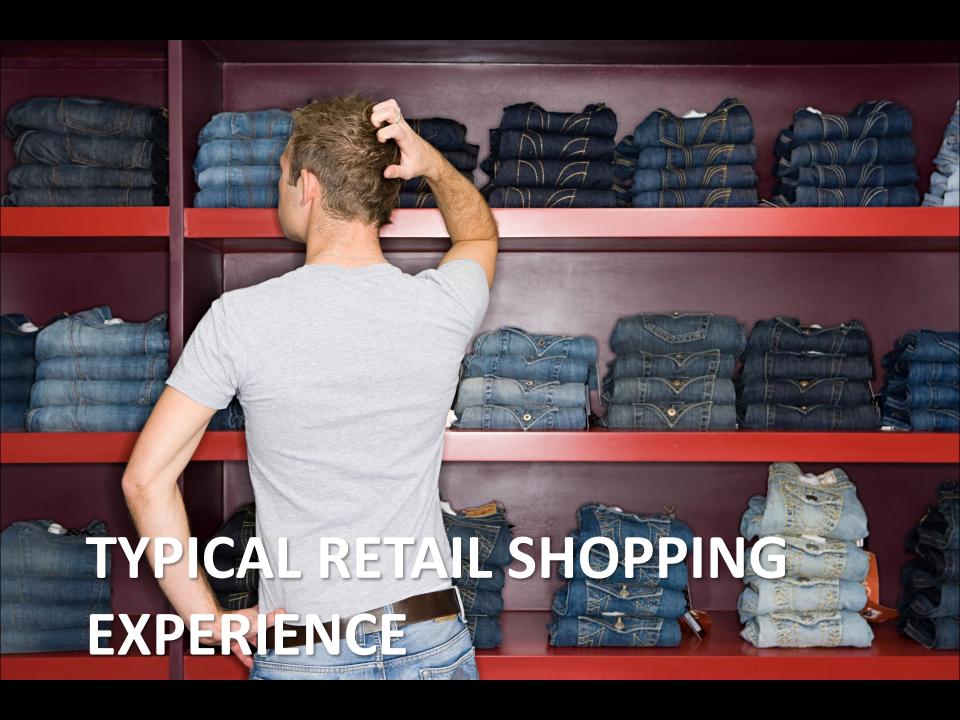
We provide (solution or product description)

That (specify benefits and value to customers)

Unlike (the competition or describe existing alternatives)

Which (describe deficiencies, shortcomings, limitations of competition/existing alternatives)

We offer (describe better approach, solution, benefits)



HOINTER









Hointer Value Proposition

For fashion-conscious men who hate shopping, we provide an automated in-store experience that allows them to quickly find, try on and even purchase garments without waiting on line.

Unlike traditional dept. stores which have crowded selling floors and long lines, we offer a streamlined end-to-end shopping process that saves time and increases the likelihood of making a purchase.

Sample Value Proposition Template

For (the target customer)

Who (has specific needs, aspirations, frustrations, etc.)

We provide (solution or product description)

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We offer (describe better approach, solution, benefits)



Ikea Value Proposition

For budget-conscious young adults who want contemporary home furnishings, we provide stylish, low to moderate-priced goods.

Unlike conventional furniture retailers which carry traditional styles at twice our prices and long delivery windows, we offer modern, ready-to-assemble furniture that can be taken home in the same day.

Sample Value Proposition Template

For (the target customer)

Who (has specific needs, aspirations, frustrations, etc.)

We provide (solution or product description)

That (specify benefits and value to customers)

Unlike (the competition or describe existing alternatives)

Which (describe deficiencies, shortcomings, limitations of competition/existing alternatives)

We offer (describe better approach, solution, benefits)

10 Traits of Great Value Props



Focus on the jobs, pains, and gains that matter most to customers



Focus on unsatisfied jobs, unresolved pains, and unrealized gains

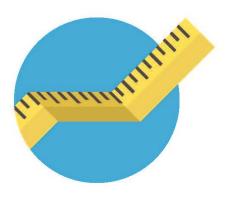


Target few jobs, pains, and gains, but do so

10 Traits of Great Value Props



Go beyond functional jobs and address emotional and social jobs

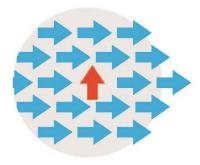


Align with how customers measure success



Focus on jobs, pains, and gains that a lot of people have or that some will pay a lot of money for

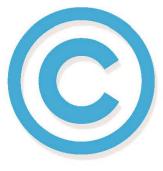
10 Traits of Great Value Props



Differentiate from competition on jobs, pains, and gains that customers care about

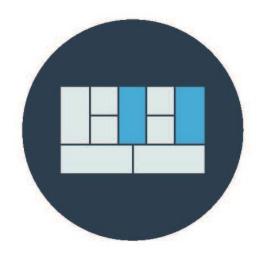


Outperform competition substantially on at least one dimension



Are difficult to copy

10 Traits of Great Value Props



Are embedded in great business models

Writing Your Feasibility Analysis

fea·si·bil·i·ty fēzəˈbilətē/

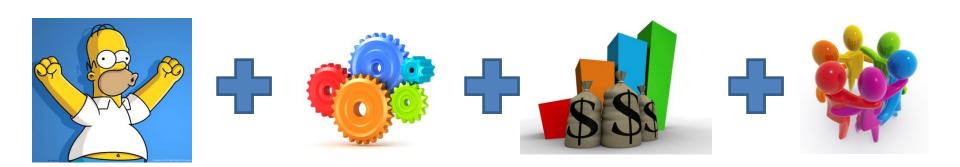
Def.: Capable of being accomplished or brought about; possible.

Feasibility Analysis

an examination and evaluation of the proposed venture's potential.



What adds up to feasible?



Opportunity & Solution (40%)

Operations (20%)

Financial (20%)

Team (20%)

What adds up to feasible?



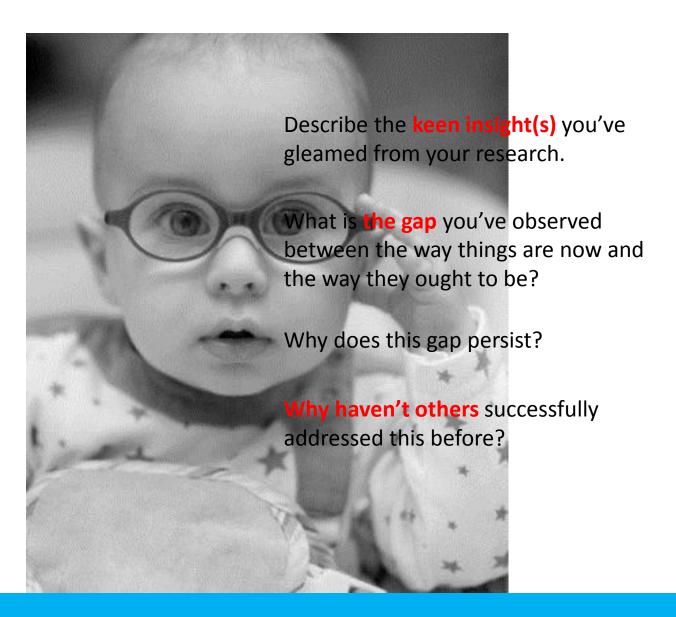
Opportunity

Status Quo | Insight |
Technology & Intellectual Property

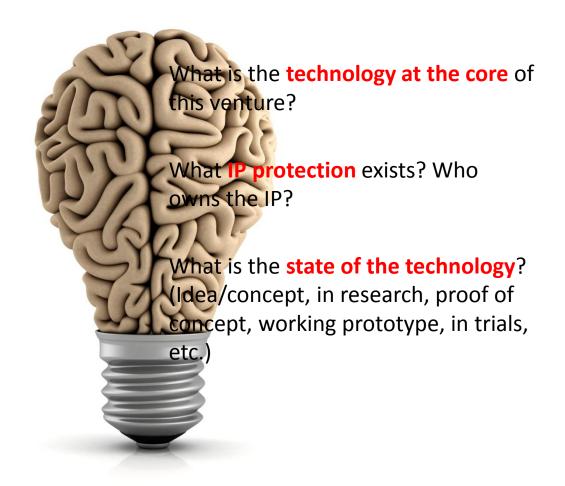
This section reveals...

the extent to which you've identified a unique and compelling market gap.









Solution

Value Proposition | Customer Segments |
Opportunity/Solution Fit

This section reveals...

how diligently you sought to understand how your product can provide value to customers.







How passionate or enthusiastic will customers be about your offering? Why?

Why will they **prefer your offering** to existing alternatives?

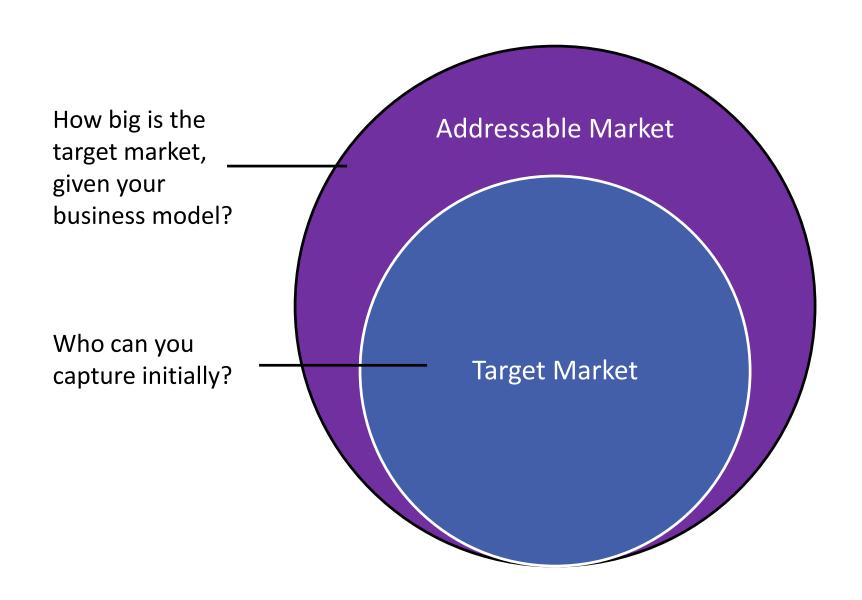
What evidence do you have that customers will go wild for your product?

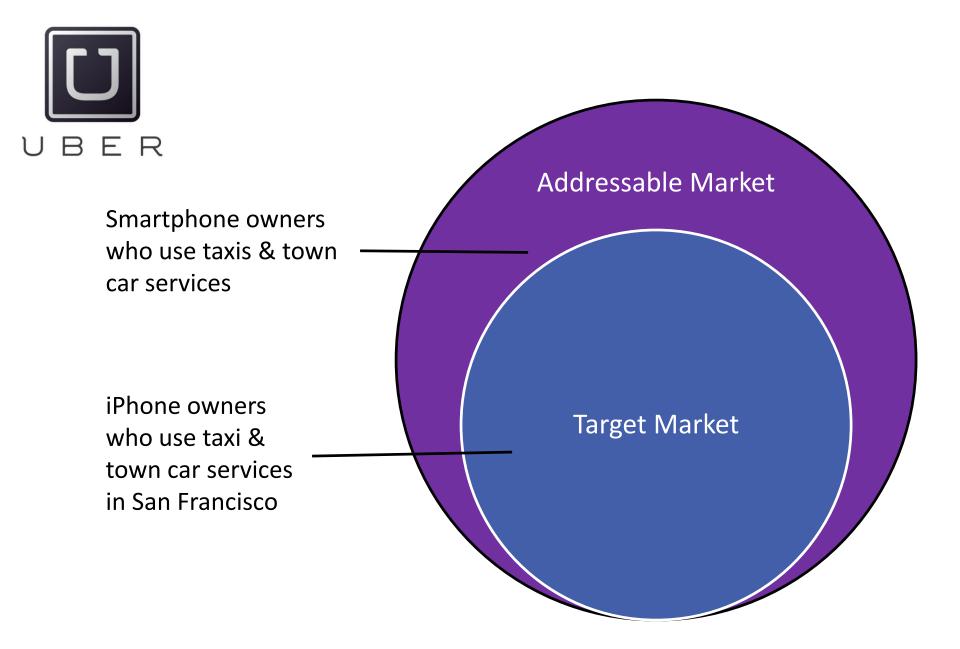
What pass/fail experiments did you run to confirm market potential & likely acceptance?



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Social Impact

Theory of Social Change | Assessing Social Impact

Operations

Channels | Key Partners | Key Resources |
Status & Traction | Critical Risks

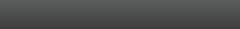
This section reveals...

whether you're cautiously optimistic or dangerously naïve about the challenges ahead.



























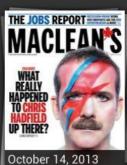




























Tap and hold on any cover to pin or unpin that issue - it will be stored on your device until you unpin it.



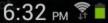




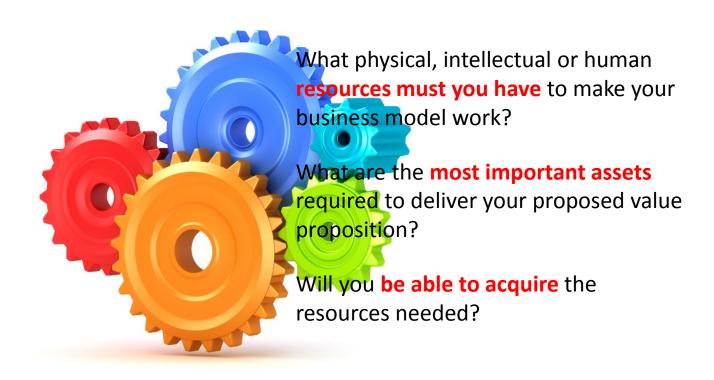


















Finances

Sources & Uses of Capital | Unit Level Cost |
Breakeven | Pricing & Revenue Model |
Profit & Loss Statement

This section reveals...

how well you understand the economics of the business and have thought through the financial implications of key assumptions.



Common Startup Expenses



- ✓ Programmers
- ✓ Equipment
- ✓Inventory/Materials
- ✓ Legal fees
- ✓ Licenses
- ✓ Supplies
- ✓ Labor
- ✓ Printing
- ✓ Travel

Unit Level Cost Analysis



- ✓ Fixed versus variable costs
- ✓ Cost of goods sold
- ✓ Channel costs and margins
- ✓ Customer acquisition costs

Breakeven Analysis



Fixed costs

(unit selling price) – variable costs

Quick example:

Assume fixed costs of \$1000 Selling price = \$10 Variable costs = \$5

Breakeven = ? Units

Breakeven Analysis



Fixed costs

(unit selling price) – variable costs

Quick example:

Assume fixed costs of \$1000 Selling price = \$10 Variable costs = \$5

Breakeven = 200 Units

Pricing & Revenue Model



Describe how you will make money? For what will you charge and how much?

Will you have multiple revenue streams?

What price will you charge? What is your **pricing strategy**?

Revenue Models



Asset Sale: Sale of ownership rights (Dept stores)

Usage Fee: Fee is proportional to usage (phone service, utilities, FedEx)

Subscription: Flat fee for continuous access (Salesforce.com, Netflix)

Revenue Models



Renting: Fee for temporary access (Chegg, Hertz)

Licensing: Fee for use of some IP (software, music, Getty Images)

Intermediation: Broker fee (Airbnb, E*trade)

Advertising: Fee paid to get in front of potential customers. (Google, Mint, NYT, Facebook)

Developing a P&L statement at this stage forces you...

to examine the logic (or lack thereof) that underpins your financial model. Doing so, helps you make the connection between strategic decisions and the impact on financial feasibility.

Profit & Loss Statement



What are your projected sales?

What are total expenses?

What are your fixed and variable costs?

Are margins sufficient to cover operations?

Team

Founders | Advisors | Key Hires

This section describes...

the relevant skills, experience and qualifications the founding team will bring to the venture.



Word to the Wise

Do's & Don'ts

- Do use the questions to help guide you toward writing a compelling story of how you will deliver value.
- Don't approach this like a series of essay questions on an exam.
- Don't use industry jargon. Write to express not to impress.

Do's & Don'ts

- Do emphasize **specific evidence** that supports your assumptions, whenever possible.
- Do cite sources and statistics used.
- Do proofread and spell check your work.

Watch Out For

- Failure to demonstrate that the solution proposed would provide meaningful value to the marketplace.
- Lack of an **intimate understanding** of the target customer.
- No evidence of capturing unique insights from primary research.
- Operational details are thin or poorly thought out.

Watch Out For

- Fuzzy math on financial statements--unrealistic sales forecasts, inaccurate expense projections.
- Not convinced management team has ability to launch and can successfully execute the plan
- Use of cliches such as:
 - "First-mover advantage"
 - "We have no competition."
 - "All we need is 1% of the market..."
 - Hockey stick projections

Submission

Please follow instructions exactly as described.

Format

- Must not exceed 8 pages
 - Feasibility Analysis = 4 pages
 - Financial Analysis = 3 pages
 - Supporting visual or diagram = 1 pages
- 11-point type; 1-inch margins

Deadline

- Due: **Nov. 11, 2015** by 1:00 pm
- Submit online through Gust.
- Be sure to provide your Team Eligibility Statement.

Upcoming

Oct. 27: Ask Us Anything

5:00-7:00 pm, Patron's Lobby, Tisch Hall

Oct. 29: New Tech City: How Startups Are Transforming NYC

5:30-7:30 pm, Paulson Auditorium, Tisch Hall

Nov. 2: How Smart Startups Avoid Common Legal Pitfalls

5:00-7:00 pm, Paulson Auditorium, Tisch Hall

Final Thoughts



W. R. Berkley Innovation Lab

Tisch Hall 40 West Fourth Street, Floor 4

Website: bit.ly/berkleycenter Email: lpoole@stern.nyu.edu